The railway passes through a cutting enroute to a kissing-gate by a shed, sometimes occupied by

through wet peat bogs. Your rights on open access land can sometimes be restricted for nature conservation, land management or public safety reasons. To avoid disappointment, please visit www.openaccess. naturalengland.org.uk to get the



the RSPB's Stagsike information point and the hides at Tindale Tarn to learn of the importance of this locality for wildlife and the efforts being made to improve biodiversity.

of Howgill Beck and Cold Fell.

heading up to the peaty headwaters

sticks to the path/quad-bike track

are two options. The primary route

to pause and look back over your

stile and hurdle-gate. From here there route. The path wanders on to a fence

viewpoint signboard. Take a moment

a grass path, passing the Bruthwaite

dozed shelf from where it becomes



Walkers new to this area should visit Some steep walking and stretches



.ff2671/m742 Ile Ale summit of Tindale Fell butt to reach the impressive tumulus remnant corrugated iron shooting over tussocky moor. Pass the odd path and the going is quite tough quartzite outcrop. There is no of east by the odd pockmarked from the stile heading slightly north beaten track which climbs directly The second option takes an off-the-

> by Tortie Cottage. kissing gate to follow the open track heading south via the cattle grid/ 🚺 The walk leaves the car park

but rarer in Cumbria. is very prevalent in Northumberland cup marks, prehistoric rock art which the cottage. This stone bears small boulder in the field on the left after Notice the Tortie Stone, the large

Tindale Tarn. obvious path that will take you to Brunthwaite viewpoint, ignoring the via the gate. Turn right, signed to terrace of Howgill, turn sharp left houses which form the old colliery The track heads up to the row of

-llud a ot admilo, esties, climbs to a bullto support grouse management and The path, formerly a track created

> Terrace to reach the car park. following Crossgates Road via Park lliW branch off at the Belted Will From Hallbankgate on the A689, beyond Clesketts (NY 589 585). Start point: road-end car park

W3W: ///steadier.stutter.settled

Postcode: CA8 2PN

Elevation gain: 1450ft/440metres

Distance: 6.6miles/10.6kilometres

Rating: hard – steep, boggy in Time: approximately 4hrs

/yhu.ve.ge.ge.ye.de.ve.d and route 680 Brampton/Carlisle (\A088\security\_uvog.bnshapperadmus) .vegacy. a limited bus service - route 680A Public transport: Hallbankgate has places

ornithologist. of peace for the walker and the foot mountain and a high place -bnesuodf-owf e, nisdo aninneg edd Cold Fell is the northernmost hill in

(/089/səsnq



donkeys. Continue to a gate leading to Howgill terrace, passing through to reconnect with the approach track via Tortie to complete your tour.

Food and refreshments are available at the Belted Will Inn and the Hallbankgate Hub Community shop.

northpennines.org.uk

Made possible with North ٩ Heritage Fund Pennines unesco National Landscape

Original words and pictures © Mark Richards 2009. Revisions by the North Pennines National Landscape team 2024.

latest information, before you set out.

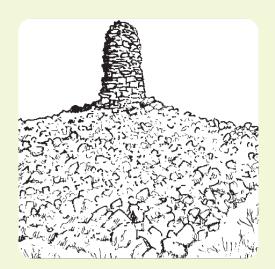
All mapping, unless otherwise stated, is based (partly) on Ordnance Survey mapping (c) Crown copyright. All rights reserved Durham County Council. LA100049055. 2024





High level walk 2

North **Pennines** National Landscape



3 The massive, elevated heap of stones, presumably the resting place of Bronze Age chieftains, is surmounted by a handsome currick. This cairn is a landmark, the visual high point seen by travellers looking south from the A69. It is a good viewpoint to the Cheviots in the north-east, beyond the Whin Sill of Hadrian's Wall, and north-west to the hills beyond Bewcastle and to Scotland. The term currick derives from the Welsh 'careg', also surviving in various forms in the local village names Castle Carrock and Croglin. The place-name Tindale shows a link with the River South Tyne.

To rejoin the main route, head south on the clear path, crossing the line of an old dyke which straddles the fell. Continue following the ridge to meet the main route.

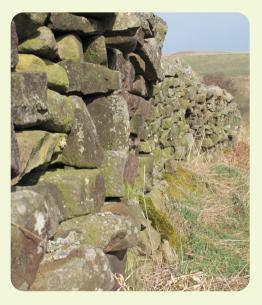


The main route continues uphill, crossing peaty ground and passing several stakes as the path rises gently to meet a fence at an angle. Approximately 250m down the fence line there is a large broken sheepfold and a currick formed into a throne. Follow the fence uphill to reach the stile and the summit tumulus of Cold Fell 621m/2037ft.

The ancient cairn is set deep in the peat and the dome-shaped cairn is of modern construction (built in memory of Joe Fotheringham). A wind shelter stands on the east side of the OS pillar. The majority of visitors see the Bronze Age tumulus as a heap of stones, rather than an ancient mausoleum, which has resulted in stones being moved. A smaller cairn stands tilted on the northern edge, a sighter for the summit from the valley. Nine miles away as the crow (or curlew) flies, is the Hartside viewpoint – the equivalent of fifteen sluggish miles for anyone contemplating the trek across the zig-zag ridge and boggy Open Access terrain.

G Head west with the fence close right upon a narrow trod in the heather and bilberry. At the fence junction take care not to head left, as the fence leads over Tarnmonath Fell. Be mindful not to linger at the junction as it is a floating sphagnum raft - fine for individuals but not for a stationary group. Cross the fence at the junction and keep north-west on a quadbike track until a shoulder gives a short heathery step down.





6 As the track diminishes, leave the fence line to pick your way down the steep bank off Brown Fell and reach the old railway used by miners at the Gairs Colliery. At one time it was one of the steepest railways in Britain. The miners at Gairs were allowed to freewheel down the line back to Hallbankgate in empty trucks after work. The record for the four miles was four minutes.



Turn right and pass through the first gate at the foot of the fence. The Gairs Colliery Railway gives easy walking. You may notice the deciduous plantings in sheathes on the hillside where the RSPB are recreating Bruthwaite Forest, a diverse habit for the benefit of wildlife and birds in particular.